Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering

Matching Guide

Release 8.0.8.0.0 December 2019





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Oracle Financial Services Software, Inc. 1900 Oracle Way Reston, VA 20190 *Phone:* (703) 478-9000 *Fax:* (703) 318-6340

Internet: www.oracle.com/financialservices

Revision History

The following table describes the revision history of the Matching Guide.

Date	Edition	Description
December 2019	First edition of 8.0.8.0.0	There are no changes to this guide in this release.
December 2018	First edition of 8.0.7.0.0	First edition of this guide.

Matching Guide

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About this Guide

This guide provides information on webservices matching, individual matching, vessel matching, aircraft matching, and entity matching.

This chapter focuses on the following topics:

- Who Should Use this Guide
- How this Guide is Organized
- Where to Find More Information
- Conventions Used in this Guide

Who Should Use this Guide

The *Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering Matching Guide* is designed for the following users:

- **Analyst:** This user works on the transactions within the application frequently. This user's specific role determines what they can view and perform within the application.
- **Supervisor:** This user works on the transactions within the application on a daily basis and is typically a higher level Analyst or Compliance Officer.
- **Admin**: This user performs the activities related to administration.

How this Guide is Organized

The *Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering Matching Guide* includes the following chapters:

- *Chapter 1, About TBAML,* provides an overview of Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money laundering, how it works, and what it does.
- *Chapter 2, Introduction to Matching,* provides a brief introduction to Matching and how it is used in Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering .
- *Chapter 3, Matching Webservices*, explains how to match webservices such as name and address, country and city, BIC, and narrative fields.
- Chapter 4, Name and Address Matching, explains how to match individuals to different watchlists.
- Chapter 5, Trade Goods Matching, explains how to match goods to different watchlists.
- Chapter 6, Trade Port Matching, explains how to match ports to different watchlists.

Where to Find More Information

For more information about Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money laundering, refer to the following documents:

- Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering Installation Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering Administration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering Release Notes

These documents are available at the following link:

http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E60570 01/homepage.htm

To find more information about Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money laundering and our complete product line, visit our Web site www.oracle.com/financialservices.

Conventions Used in this Guide

Table 1 provides the conventions used in this guide.

Table 1. Conventions Used in this Guide

Convention	Meaning	
Italics	Names of books as references	
	Emphasis	
	Substitute input values	
Bold	Menu names, field names, options, button names	
	Commands typed at a prompt	
	User input	
Monospace	Directories and subdirectories	
	File names and extensions	
	 Code sample, including keywords and variables within text and as separate paragraphs, and user-defined program elements within text 	
<variable></variable>	Substitute input value	

Conventions Used in this Guide
About this Guide

Conventions Used in this Guide
About this Guide

CHAPTER 1 About TBAML

This chapter provides a brief overview of Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering (TBAML) in terms of its architecture and operations.

This chapter focuses on the following topics:

- TBAML Architecture
- Operations
- Utilities

About TBAML

Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering (TBAML) offers a comprehensive compliance solution to:

- Efficiently screen goods, ports and involved party names extracted from SWIFT MT messages as well as on federal trade data against various lists such as sanctions lists, watch lists, and so on.
- Continuously monitor trade finance transactions using a risk based approach for potential TBML activities, such as TBML red flag topologies, by assessing the trade finance customer, transactions (specifically goods, contract amount, goods price), and involved counterparties (name and address).

TBAML Architecture

An architecture is a blueprint of all the parts that together define the system: its structure, interfaces, and communication mechanisms. A set of functional views can describe an architecture.

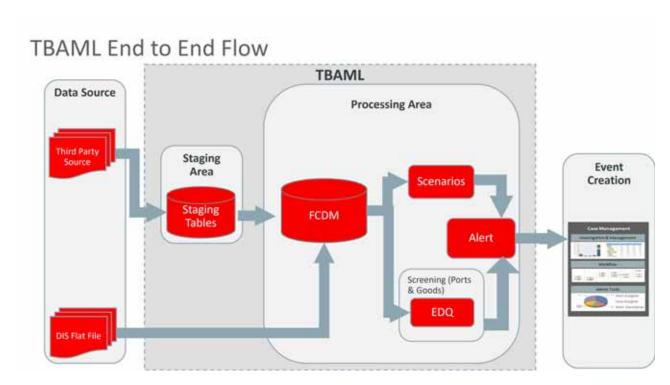


Figure 1. TBAML Architecture

TBAML extracts data from SWIFT messages via the Swift Parser functionality. That data, and data provided by the Oracle client via DIS File or another source, is fed into staging tables and then into the FCDM where the data is either standardized (Port) and screened (Port, Goods, Name and Address) through EDQ functionality, or run through scenarios to generate an FCM event.

Deployment View

The TBAML architecture from the perspective of its deployment illustrates deployment of the major subsystems across servers. Additionally, the deployment view shows the primary communications links and protocols between the processing nodes.



Figure 2. TBAML Architecture - Deployment View

The complex interactions between the components of the Alert & Case Management tiers becomes apparent in the deployment view. The Alert & CaseManagement tiers require the following:

- Web browser
- Web server
- Web application server

Alert & Case Management tiers use OFSAAI for handling both authentication and authorization. The Alert & Case Management subsystem also supports the use of an External Authentication Management (EAM) tool to perform user authentication at the web server, if a customer requires it.

TBAML components can operate when deployed on a single computer or when distributed across multiple computers. In addition to being horizontally scalable, TBAML is vertically scalable in that replication of each of the components can occur across multiple servers.

Security View

The security view describes the architecture and use of security features of the network in a TBAML architecture deployment. TBAML uses an inbuilt Security Management System (SMS) for its authentication and authorization. The SMS has a set of database tables which store information about user authentication.

Installation of 128-bit encryption support from Microsoft can secure the web browser. Oracle encourages using the Secure Socket Layer (SSL) between the web browser and web server for login transaction, while the web Application

server uses a browser cookie to track a user's session. This cookie is temporary and resides only in browser memory. When the user closes the browser, the system deletes the cookie automatically.

TBAML uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) security to encrypt passwords that reside in database tables in the ATOMIC schema on the database server and also encrypts the passwords that reside in configuration files on the server.

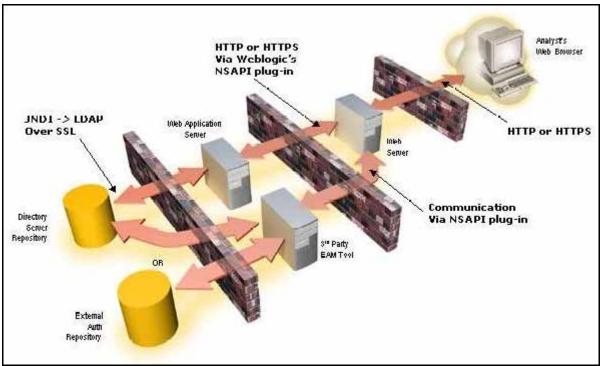


Figure 3. Security View

The EAM tool is an optional third-party pluggable component of the security view. The tool's integration boundaries provide an Authorization header, form field with principal, or embedded principal to the web Application server through a web server plug-in. The tool also passes the same user IDs that the TBAML directory server uses.

Operations

As the administrator, you coordinate the overall operations of TBAML: Data Management, Behavior Detection, and Post-Processing.

In a production environment, an Oracle client typically establishes a processing cycle to identify occurrences of behaviors of interest (that is, scenarios) at a specific frequency.

Each cycle begins with Data Management, Behavior Detection, and Post-Processing, which prepares the detection results for presentation for the users.

Several factors determine specific scheduling of these processing cycles, including availability of data and the nature of the behavior that the system is to detect. The following sections describe each of the major steps in a typical production processing cycle:

- Start Batch
- Managing Data
- Behavior Detection
- Post-Processing
- End Batch

Start Batch

Using the Batch Control Utility, you can manage the beginning of the batch process (see *Chapter 6 - Managing Batch Processing Utilities* for more information).

Managing Data

The Ingestion Manager controls the Data Management process. The *Data Interface Specification (DIS)* contains specific definition of the types and format of business data that can be accepted for ingestion.

The Ingestion Manager supports files and messages for the ingestion of data. Data Management involves receiving source data from an external data source in one of these forms. The Ingestion Manager validates this data against the *DIS*, applies required derivations and aggregations, and populates the database with the results (see Chapter 3 - Managing Data for more information).

Behavior Detection

During Behavior Detection, OFSBD Algorithms control the scenario detection process. The Detection Algorithms search for events and behaviors of interest in the ingested data in the FCDM. Upon identification of an event or behavior of interest, the algorithms record a match in the database.

A match is created by executing scenarios. These scenarios are used to detect the behaviors of interest that correspond to patterns or the occurrences of prespecified conditions in business data. The process also records additional data that the analysis of each match may require.

Post-Processing

During post-processing of detection results, Behavior Detection prepares the detection results for presentation to users. Preparation of the results depends upon the following processes:

- **Match Scoring**: Computes a ranking for scenario matches indicating a degree of risk associated with the detected event or behavior.
- **Alert Creation**: Packages the scenario matches as units of work (that is, events), potentially grouping similar matches together, for disposition by end users. This is applicable when multiple matches with distinct scores are grouped into a single event.
- **Alert Scoring**: Ranks the events (including each match within the events) to indicate the degree of risk associated with the detected event or behavior.
- **Highlight Generation**: Generates highlights for events that appear in the event list in the behavior detection subsystem and stores them in the database.

- **Historical Data Copy**: Identifies the records against which the current batch's scenario runs generated events and copies them to archive tables. This allows for the display of a snapshot of information as of the time the event behavior was detected.
- **Alert Correlation:** Uncovers relationships among events by correlating events to business entities and subsequently correlating events to each other based on these business entities. The relationships are discovered based on configurable correlation rule sets.

End Batch

The system ends batch processing when processing of data from the Oracle client is complete (see *Ending a Batch Process*, for more information). The Alert & Case Management subsystem then controls the event and case management processes. See *Behavior Detection User Guide* and *Enterprise Case Management User Guide* for more information.

Utilities

TBAML database utilities enable you to configure and perform pre-processing and post-processing activities. The following sections describe these utilities.

- Batch Utilities
- Administrative Utilities

Batch Utilities

Behavior Detection database utilities enable you to configure and perform batch-related system pre-processing and post-processing activities.

- **Alert Purge Utility**: Provides the capability to remove erroneously generated matches, events, and activities.
- **Batch Control Utility**: Manages the start and termination of a batch process (from Data Management to event post-processing) and enables access to the currently running batch.
- **Calendar Manager Utility**: Updates calendars in the system based on pre-defined business days, holidays, and *days off*, or non-business days.
- **Data Retention Manager:** Provides the capability to manage the processing of partitioned tables in Behavior Detection. This utility purges data from the system based on configurable retention period defined in database.
- **Database Statistics Management**: Manages Oracle database statistics. These statistics determine the appropriate execution path for each database query.
- **Notification**: Enables you to configure users to receive UI notifications based upon actions taken on events or cases to which they are associated or when the event or case is nearing a due date.
- **Truncate Manager**: Truncates tables that require complete replacement of their data.

For more information on Administrative Utilities, see Managing Batch Processing Utilities.

Administrative Utilities

The following database utilities that configure and perform system pre-processing and post-processing activities are not tied to the batch process cycle:

- **Scenario Migration Utility:** Extracts scenarios, datasets, networks, and associated metadata from a database to flat files and loads them into another environment.
- **Threshold Editor:** Allows you to run the same scenario multiple times against a variety of sources (for example, exchanges, currencies, or jurisdictions) with separate threshold values for each source.

For more information on Administrative Utilities, see *Managing Administrative Utilities*.

Utilities Chapter 1—About TBAML

CHAPTER 2 Introduction to Matching

Oracle Financial Services TBAML provides a flexible and customizable strategy for matching customer records to watch list records. **Sanctions screening** typically requires the business to employ tightly-defined, zero tolerance matching policies which will identify every possible match against a sanctions list.

Oracle Financial Services TBAML therefore employs a range of clustering strategies and matching rules. These can be enabled and disabled as needed, to tune the behavior of Oracle Financial Services TBAML to your requirements. In general, the looser the match rule, the more likely it is to raise false positives. It is not possible to eliminate all false positives, especially if there is a requirement to identify **all** true matches. Tuning the matching strategy is therefore a trade-off between the proportion of true matches which are not detected and the work required to manually eliminate false positives. This will be evident in the examples in this document.

General Matching Strategy

This section provides a brief description of the general strategy used in Oracle Financial Services TBAML. It consists of three main components: identifier preparation, clustering and matching.

Identifier Preparation

There are some differences between the structure of data sets that always need to be normalized before clustering and matching, so that the matching process does not need to repeat the configuration of transformations on each comparison.

Identifier preparation is used to ensure that the records conform to a pre-defined data structure which can be used by the rest of the matching process, and also to eliminate common forms of variance between the records (such as spelling variants of given names and abbreviations of frequently-used tokens).

Clustering

Clustering is used to minimize the work that must be performed by the final stage of matching. It works by splitting the working and reference data into wide tranches (clusters), based on similarities in significant data fields. Only subsets of the data which share similar characteristics, and will therefore be placed in the same cluster, will be compared on a record-by-record basis later in the matching process.

If very wide clusters are used, there will be a large number of records in each cluster. This means that there is a reduced risk that true matches will be missed, but also that a greater amount of processing power is required to compare all the clustered records by brute force. A tighter clustering strategy will result in smaller clusters, with fewer records per cluster. This results in reduced processing requirements for row-by-row comparisons, but increases the likelihood that some true matches will not be detected.

Matching

Once the working and watch list records have been divided into clusters, the rows within each cluster are compared to one another according to the match rules defined for the matching processor. Each match rule defines a set of

Configuring Oracle Financial Services TBAML for Different Scenarios Chapter 2—Introduction to Mapping

criteria, specified as comparisons, that the pair of records must satisfy in order to qualify as a match under that rule. The rules are applied as a decision table, so if a pair of records qualifies as a match under a rule higher in the table, it will not be compared using any rules below that. All rules are configured to operate on a case-insensitive basis. Unless stated otherwise, all noise and whitespace characters are removed or normalized before matching.

Configuring Oracle Financial Services TBAML for Different Scenarios

As previously mentioned, Oracle Financial Services TBAML includes clusters and matching rules that are suited to various screening requirements. Tuning TBAML to match your policies should be undertaken carefully and under the supervision of a risk and compliance expert, with knowledge of your business requirements and the relevant legislation.

The following general points may be useful when tuning the behavior of TBAML:

- Some organizations use a zero-tolerance policy for individual name matches. Such a policy typically requires that all potential name matches must be manually reviewed, irrespective of the rest of the data associated with the record. If such a policy is in place, you must enable the conflict rules in individual matching.
- In general, using a loose clustering strategy will result in relatively few clusters, each containing many records. This reduces the potential for missing true matches, and increases the chance of false positives. It is also expensive in terms of processing requirements, as every record in the cluster must be directly compared with every other record in that cluster.
- Conversely, a tight clustering strategy will result in a relatively large number of clusters, each containing fewer
 records. This increases the potential for missing true matches, and decreases the chance of false positives. It
 also reduces the overall cost of the processing requirements, as relatively few direct comparisons are required.

CHAPTER 3 Matching Webservices

This chapter gives an overview of Matching Webservices for Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering. This chapter discusses the following topics:

- Overview
- Name and Address Matching
- Trade Goods Matching
- Trade Port Matching

Overview

This section explains the various Matching Webservices that are used for Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering. The following diagram depicts the input and output for these Webservices.

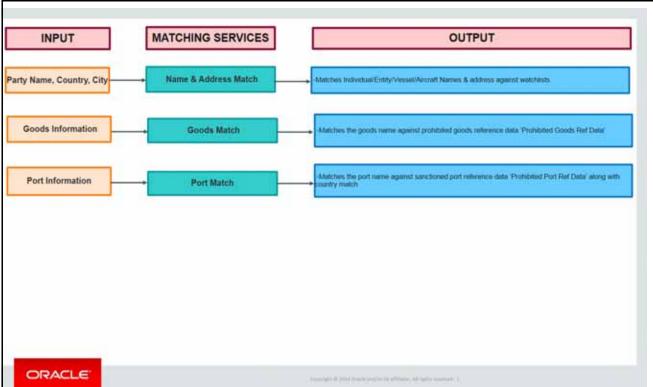


Figure 4. Matching Webservices

Name and Address Matching

This matching webservice is used for the party name and address matching, such as orderer and beneficiary. Party can be an individual, entity, vessel, or aircraft. The webservice takes the party name, country (if available in the message) and city (if available in the message) as an input and matches them against the watchlist records.

For information on the reference data for watchlists, see *Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering Administration Guide.*

Trade Goods Matching

This matching webservice is used to extract the trade goods name and match it name against the prohibited goods list. This list provides country-wise data.

For information on the reference data for watchlists, see *Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering Administration Guide.*

Trade Port Matching

This matching webservice is used to extract the trade port name and match it to the country while screening. This is done because two countries may not have the same port name, so this avoids duplication. The port name is also matched against the sanctioned port reference data.

For information on the reference data for watchlists, see *Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering Administration Guide.*

CHAPTER 4 Name and Address Matching

This section details the default configuration of Name and Address screening against sanctions lists or watch lists.

The matching strategy for entities in Oracle TBAML raises a possible match if there is an exact match or a fuzzy name match to a normal (non-acronym) entity name, or if there is an exact match to an acronym entity name.

The fuzzy entity name matching algorithms include some of the following techniques:

- Standardizing entity names (for example, different forms of company name suffixes are standardized to a common form)
- Ignoring insignificant name tokens
- Typo tolerance
- Allowance for missing name tokens
- Allowance for different tokenization of the name

Identifier preparation

The following identifiers are prepared for use in the individual and Entity matching process:

Note: For Identifier preparation, Vessel and Aircraft come under Entity.

Table 2. Individual and Entity Identifier Preparation

Identifier Description	Standard prepared attribute name	Summary of preparation logic
Individual Given Names	dnGivenNames	A space-separated list of the first and middle names of the individual, after normalization (see the name normalization section, below).
Individual Family Name	dnFamilyName	A normalized version of the family name (see the name normalization section, below).
Individual Full Name	dnFullName	A concatenation of the given names and family name, separated using spaces.
Original Script Name	dnOriginalScriptName	A whitespace normalized version of the original script name.
dnCity	dnCity	A pipe-separated list of cities associated with the individual data.
dnAddressCountryCode	dnAddressCountryCode	A space separated list of standard 2-character country codes.
dnEntityName	dnEntityName	The original entity name, after Name Normalization.

The following sections describe the data preparation strategy for each of these identifiers.

Name Normalization

The individual, entity, vessel, and aircraft names are normalized using the following logic:

- 1. Standardization of accented characters.
- 2. Replacement of non-alpha (A-Z or a-z) characters with spaces.

Note: If data is matched in the original language against original script names in the watch lists, then the appropriate character ranges must be removed from the Name Noise Characters Reference Data so that they are not replaced.

Note: If transliteration of data is done before matching, then transliteration must also be done before name normalization.

- 3. Normalization of whitespace.
- 4. Conversion to upper case.

Note that the purpose of these transformations is not to create the most 'correct' name. For example, hyphens may be used in names in a number of ways, such as in a double-barreled surname, or as an alternative for a space when a surname has a qualifier (common in the World-Check data file).

In the former case, one might ideally want to preserve the hyphen, and in the latter case replace it with a space. In general, however, additional spaces in names will not cause names to mismatch, whereas different characters could. Examples are as follows:

Table 3. Name Normalization

Input data		Identifiers		
Forename	Surname	dnGivenNames	dnFamilyName	dnFullName
Carmelo	Raschellà	CARMELO	RASCHELLA	CARMELO RASCHELLA
Darwen	MANN`A	DARWEN	MANN A	DARWEN MANN A
Badr bin Saud bin Harib	AL-BUSAI DI	BADR BIN SAUD BIN HARIB	AL BUSAIDI	BADR BIN SAUD BIN HARIB AL BUSAIDI
A. Arnaldo G.	TAVEIRA	A ARNALDO G	TAVEIRA	A ARNALDO G TAVEIRA
Jose Mardônio	DA COSTA**	JOSE MARDONIO	DA COSTA	JOSE MARDONIO DA COSTA

City and Country Identifiers

City and country values are derived from the source data wherever possible. There may be multiple possible cities or countries associated with an individual, perhaps because an individual resides in more than one country, has dual nationality, or resides in a different country from his/her nationality.

Country values are prepared as a space-separated list of two-character country codes in the dnAllCountryCodes attribute.

City values (which may contain spaces, for example, 'New York') are prepared as a pipe-separated list of cities in the dnCity attribute.

Clustering

Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering provides clusters for matching individuals and entities to watch lists during Sanctions screening. These clusters can be activated or deactivated, as required, and different cluster limits can be configured.

The following clusters are used:

Table 4. Clustering

Cluster Method
Individual Family Name
Individual Full Name Metaphone
Individual Given Names
Individual Full Name Trim
Individual Initials
Original Script Name
Entity Name Tokens
Entity Name Meta
Entity Name Trim
Entity Start End Name Tokens

Note: This table shows the default configuration of Real-Time screening processes, but these may be customized independently of one another.

The data used to create the clusters is created before matching by the preparation process. In all cases, the clusters use the prepared and normalized name attributes dnGivenNames, dnFamilyName, dnFullName, dnEntityName, and dnOriginalScriptName. For further information see Name Normalization.

Family Name Cluster (dnClusterFamilyName)

The **Family Name** cluster provides a backup to the full name clusters. This is especially important where the given name data is incomplete, making it difficult to form a complete cluster key for two names. For example, the following three example records do not share any Full Name cluster keys, due to the initials in the second record and the spacing and spelling variations seen throughout:

Table 5. Family Name Cluster

dnFullName	Name tokens and trimmed values		Cluster Keys	dnClusterFullNameTrim
STEPHEN JEQE NKOMO	JEQE	JEQ	JEQNKO JEQSTE NKOSTE	JEQNKOJJEQSTEJNKOSTE
	NKOMO	NKO		
	STEPHEN	STE		
S J NKOMO	S	S	NKO	NKO
	NKOMO	NKO		
	J	J		

Table 5. Family Name Cluster

STEPHEN JEKE N KOMO	JEKE	JEK	JEKKOM JEKSTE KOMSTE	JEKKOM JEKSTE KOMSTE
	KOMO	KOM		
	N	N		
	STEPHEN	STE		

Clustering only on the family name circumvents this issue, but results in large clusters and a concomitant increase in the processing required to cross-check all the records.

The **Family Name** cluster builder counters spacing and punctuation differences by generating Metaphone keys for all tokens of the family name, AND the whole of the family name after all white space is trimmed. This is to ensure that family names such as those in the last two records in the example table below are all clustered together despite the spacing differences.

The default logic of the cluster builder is as follows:

- 1. Trim all white space from the normalized family name.
- 2. Apply the **Metaphone** transformation to the result, outputting a key with a length of up to 4 characters.
- 3. Strip common name qualifiers from the normalized family name, such as Abd, Al.
- 4. Split the family name into several name tokens, using a space delimiter.

Note: Many other punctuation and noise characters are normalized to spaces before generating the cluster. For more information see Name Normalization.

- 5. Apply the **Metaphone** transformation to each name token, outputting a key with a length of up to 4 characters. If there were no tokens remaining after stripping common name qualifiers then apply the Metaphone transformation to the each name token of the original normalized family name.
- 6. Concatenate all the generated Metaphone keys
- 7. Deduplicate the list of keys

Examples are as follows:

Table 6. Metaphone Transormations for Family Name Cluster

dnFamilyName	Tokens derived from dnFamilyName	Metaphone transformations	dnClusterFamilyName
ZHONG	ZHONG	JNK	JNK
XIAOJIAN	XIAOJIAN	SJN	SJN
ABACHE	ABACHE	APX	APX
ABANDA	ABANDA	APNT	APNT
ABD AL HAFIZ	HAFIZ ABDALHAFIZ	HFS APTL	HFS APTL
AL BUTHE	BUTHE ALBUTHE	P0 ALP0	P0 ALP0
AL	AL	AL	AL
SOLEIMAN HAMAD	SOLEIMAN HAMAD SOLEIMANHAMAD	SLMN HMT SLMN	SLMN HMT
GOODRIDGE	GOODRIDGE	KTRJ	KTRJ
GOODRICH SR	GOODRICH SR GOODRICHSR	KTRX SR KTRK	KTRX SR KTRK

Table 6. Metaphone Transormations for Family Name Cluster

NKOMO	NKOMO	NKM	NKM
N KOMO	N KOMO NKOMO	N KM NKM	N KM NKM

Individual Full Name Metaphone Pairs Cluster (dnClusterFullNameMeta)

The **Full Name Metaphone Pairs** cluster uses the normalized full name for the individual to generate a cluster key for every pair of names within the full name. The default logic of this is as follows:

1. Split the normalized full name into several name tokens, using space as a delimiter.

Note: Many other punctuation and noise characters are normalized to spaces before generating the cluster. For further information see Name Normalization.

- 2. Sort the name tokens alphabetically.
- 3. Apply the **Metaphone** transformation (the standard double-metaphone algorithm) to each name token, outputting a key with a length of up to three characters.
- 4. Concatenate the Metaphone values, generating a final key value for each distinct pair of tokens.
- 5. Deduplicate the list of keys.

Examples are as follows:

Table 7. Full Name Metaphone Pairs Cluster

dnFullName	Name tokens and Metaphone values		Distinct Cluster Keys	dnClusterFullNameMeta	
XIAO JIAN ZHONG	JIAN	JN	JNS JNJNK SJNK	JNS JNJNK SJNK	
	XIAO	S			
	ZHONG	JNK			
ZHONG XIAOJIAN	XIAOJIAN	SJN	SJNJNK	SJNJNK	
	ZHONG	JNK			
MOHAMMED SANI	ABACHE	ABX	APXMHM APXSN	APXMHM APXSN MHMSN	
ABACHE	MOHAMMED	MHM T	MHMSN		
	SANI	SN			
JOSEPH TSANGA	ABANDA	APNT	APNJSF APNTSN	APNJSF APNTSN JSFTSN	
ABANDA	JOSEPH	JSF	JSFTSN		
	TSANGA	TSNK			
ABD AL WAHAB ABD AL	ABD	APT	APTAPT APTAL	APTAPT APTAL APTHFS	
HAFIZ	ABD	APT	APTHFS APTAHP ALAL ALHFS	APTAHP ALAL ALHFS ALAHP HFSAHP	
	AL	AL	ALAHP HFSAHP	ALANF NF3ANF	
	AL	AL			
	HAFIZ	HFS			
	WAHAB	AHP			

Table 7. Full Name Metaphone Pairs Cluster

SULIMAN HAMD	AL	AL	ALP0 ALHMT	ALP0 ALHMT ALSLM	
SULEIMAN AL BUTHE	BUTHE	P0	ALSLM POHMT	P0HMT P0SLM HMTSLM	
	HAMD	HMT	POSLM HMTSLM SLMSLM	SLMSLM	
	SULEIMAN	SLMN			
	SULIMAN	SLMN			
AL BUTHE SOLEIMAN	AL	AL	ALP0 ALHMT	ALP0 ALHMT ALSLM	
HAMAD	BUTHE	P0	ALSLM POHMT POSLM HMTSLM	P0HMT P0SLM HMTSLM	
	HAMAD	HMT	PUSLIVI HIVI I SLIVI		
	SOLEIMAN	SLMN			
REGINALD B	В	Р	KTRRJN	KTRRJN	
GOODRIDGE	GOODRIDGE	KTRJ	Note: Initials are		
	REGINALD	RJNL T	ignored by default when generating cluster keys		
REGINALD B SR	В	Р	KTRRJN KTRSR RJNSR Note: Initials are ignored by default when generating	KTRRJN KTRSR RJNSR	
GOODRICH	GOODRIDGE	KTRJ			
	REGINALD	RJNL T			
	SR	SR	cluster keys		
STEPHEN JEQE NKOMO	JEQE	JK	JKNKM JKSTF	JKNKM JKSTF NKMSTF	
	NKOMO	NKM	NKMSTF		
	STEPHEN	STFN			
S J NKOMO	J	J	NKM	NKM	
	NKOMO	NKM	Note: Initials are ignored by default		
	S	S	when generating cluster keys		
STEPHEN JEKE N KOMO	JEKE	JK	JKKM JKSTF	JKKM JKSTF KMSTF	
	KOMO	KM	KMSTF		
	N	N			
	STEPHEN	STFN			

Individual Given Names Cluster (dnClusterGivenNames)

The **Given Names** cluster provides a further backup to the remaining clusters, especially to deal with cases where names are not necessarily well-structured into family and given names.

Note: Depending on the quality and culture of the name information, this cluster will often not be required. You can test the number of additional alerts identified by the cluster by running matching with this cluster disabled, and then running with it enabled. Comparing the new relationships against the old will highlight the relationships identified by using this cluster.

The default logic of the cluster builder is as follows:

1. Split the normalized full name into several name tokens, using space as a delimiter.

Note: Many other punctuation and noise characters are normalized to spaces before generating the cluster. For more information see Name Normalization.

- 2. Standardize the normalized given names before clustering. This ensures, for example, that names such as 'William' and 'Bill' will be clustered together, although their raw Metaphone values are not the same. A space delimiter is used to split the name before standardizing.
- 3. Apply the **Metaphone** transformation to the whole of the given names value after token standardization, outputting a key with a length of up to 4 characters.

Examples are as follows:

Table 8. Given Names Cluster

dnGivenNames	Metaphone values	dnClusterGivenNames
XIAO JIAN	SJN	SJN
ZHONG	JNK	JNK
MOHAMMED SANI	MHMT	MHMT
JOSEPH TSANGA	JSFT	JSFT
ABD AL WAHAB	APTL	APTL
SULIMAN HAMD SULEIMAN	SLMN	SLMN
AL BUTHE	ALP0	ALP0
REGINALD B	RJNL	RJNL
STEPHEN JEQE	STFN	STFN
SJ	SJ	SJ
STEPHEN JEKE	STFN	STFN

Individual Full Name Trim Pairs Cluster (dnClusterFullNameTrim)

On occasion, two names which are close matches may not generate a common cluster key using the **Full Name Metaphone Pairs** cluster.

Consider the following two example records:

Table 9. Full Name Trim Pairs Cluster

dnFullName	Name tokens and Metaphone values		Distinct Cluster Keys	dnClusterFullNameMeta
XIAO JIAN	JIAN	JN	JNS JNJNK SJNK	JNS JNJNK SJNK
ZHONG	XIAO	S		
	ZHONG	JNK		
ZHONG	XIAOJIAN	SJN	SJNJNK	SJNJNK
XIAOJIAN	ZHONG	JNK		

These two records are a possible name match. However, the **Full Name Metaphone Pairs** cluster does not produce a common cluster key for the pair because the tokens 'Xiao' and 'Xiaojian' yield different three character Metaphone keys.

In order to match these cases efficiently, a **Full Name Trim Pairs** cluster is prepared in a similar way to the primary cluster, but without applying a Metaphone transformation. This allows for typos and spacing differences in the names, but is 'left-biased': that is, it demands that the first few characters of the names match.

The logic of the cluster is as follows:

- 1. Split the normalized full name into name tokens, using space as a delimiter.
- 2. Sort the name tokens alphabetically.
- 3. Apply the **Trim Characters** transformation to each name token, outputting a key with a length of (up to) 3 characters.
- 4. Concatenate the trimmed values, generating a final key value for each distinct pair of tokens.
- 5. Deduplicate the list of keys.

Examples are as follows:

Table 10. Trim Characters for Full Name Trim Pairs Cluster

dnFullName	Name tokens and trimmed values		Cluster Keys	dnClusterFullNameTrim
XIAO JIAN	JIAN	JIA	JIAXIA JIAZHO XIAZHO	JIAXIA JIAZHO XIAZHO
ZHONG	XIAO	XIA		
	ZHONG	ZHO		
ZHONG	XIAOJIAN	XIA	XIAZHO	XIAZHO
XIAOJIAN	ZHONG	ZHO		
MOHAMMED	ABACHE	ABA	ABAMOH ABASAN	ABAMOH ABASAN MOHSAN
SANI ABACHE	MOHAMMED	MOH	MOHSAN	
	SANI	SAN		
JOSEPH	ABANDA	ABA	ABAJOS ABATSA JOSTSA	ABAJOS ABATSA JOSTSA
TSANGA ABANDA	JOSEPH	JOS		
ADANDA	TSANGA	TSA		
ABD AL	ABD	ABD	ABDABD ABDAL ABDHAF ABDWAH ALAL ALHAF ALWAH HAFWAH	ABDABD ABDAL ABDHAF ABDWAH ALAL ALHAF ALWAH HAFWAH
WAHAB ABD AL HAFIZ	ABD	ABD		
ALTIALIZ	AL	AL	ALWAITHAFWAIT	
	AL	AL		
	HAFIZ	HAF		
	WAHAB	WAH		
SULIMAN	AL	AL	ALBUT ALHAM ALSUL	ALBUT ALHAM ALSUL BUTHAM BUTSUL HAMSUL SULSUL
HAMD SULEIMAN AL	BUTHE	BUT	ALSUL BUTHAM BUTSUL HAMSUL SULSUL	
BUTHE	HAMD	HAM	1 IAWIOUL OULOUL	
	SULEIMAN	SUL		
	SULIMAN	SUL		

Table 10. Trim Characters for Full Name Trim Pairs Cluster

AL BUTHE	AL	AL	ALBUT ALHAM ALSOL	ALBUT ALHAM ALSOL
SOLEIMAN HAMAD	BUTHE	BUT	BUTHAM BUTSOL HAMSOL	BUTHAM BUTSOL HAMSOL
	HAMAD	HAM	HAIVISOL	
	SOLEIMAN			
REGINALD B GOODRIDGE	В	В	GOOREG Note: Initials are ignored by	GOOREG
	GOODRIDGE	G00	default when generating cluster keys	
	REGINALD	REG	Gluster keys	
REGINALD B	В	В	GOOREG GOOSR REGSR	GOOREG GOOSR REGSR
SR GOODRICH	GOODRICH	G00		
	REGINALD	REG		
	SR	SR		
STEPHEN JEQE	JEQE	JEQ	JEQNKO JEQSTE NKOSTE	JEQNKO JEQSTE NKOSTE
NKOMO	NKOMO	NKO		
	STEPHEN	STE		
S J NKOMO	S	S	NKO	NKO
	NKOMO	NKO	Note: Initials are ignored by default when generating	
	J	J	cluster keys	
STEPHEN JEKE	JEKE	JEK	JEKKOM JEKSTE KOMSTE	JEKKOM JEKSTE KOMSTE
N KOMO	КОМО	KOM	Note: Initials are ignored by default when generating	
	N	N	cluster keys	
	STEPHE	STE		

Individual Initials (dnClusterInitials)

The **First Initial Last Name** cluster provides a clustering method to group together names that share the same first name initial and last name, and allows some variation for transposed names. The default logic of the cluster builder is as follows:

- 1. Split the normalized given names into several name tokens, using a space character as the delimiter.
- 2. Split the normalized family name into several name tokens, using a space character as the delimiter.
- 3. Generate the cluster key value as follows:
 - If there are two or more characters in the last token of the family name, then concatenate the first character of the given name with the last token of the family name.
 - If the last token of the family name is a single initial, then concatenate that character with the first token of the given name
- 4. Trim the cluster key to a maximum of 12 characters.

Examples are as follows:

Table 11. First and Last Name Cluster

dnGivenNames	dnFamilyName	dnClusterFirstLast
MARTIN	JONES	MJONES
MARTIN PETER	JONES	MJONES
MARTIN	MORGAN JONES	MJONES
JONES	M	MJONES

Original Script Name (dnClusterOriginalScript)

The **Original Script Name** cluster provides a clustering method for matching names represented in non-Latin writing systems. The cluster builder generates a key for each token in the name.

Note: A single cluster value of "Myanmar" is generated for original script names written in the Burmese alphabet irrespective of the name. This is needed because token splitting is not possible for the Myanmar writing system as it does not use a space character between words. As a result, all original script names in Burmese script will be compared during matching. This should not cause performance issues during screening providing there are a low number of customer records using this writing system.

The default logic of the cluster builder is as follows:

- 1. Split the original script name into several name tokens, using a space character as the delimiter.
- 2. Trim each name token to a maximum of 5 characters.
- 3. Concatenate all of the trimmed token values with a pipe separator
- 4. Deduplicate the list of keys.

Examples are as follows:

Table 12. Original Script Name Cluster

dnOriginalScriptName	dnClusterOriginalScript
Іван Антонавіч Шчурок	Іван Антон Шчуро
林 紹 蘆	林 紹 蔵
သင် သင် အေ	Myanmar
محمدمحمد منكسرري	مث رن محمد

Entity Name Tokens (dnClusterNameTokens)

This cluster uses the standardized entity name to generate cluster keys. The default logic is as follows:

- 1. Remove initials.
- 2. Remove common name tokens, such as Limited, or Corporation.
- 3. Normalize whitespace.

4. Convert space characters to pipe characters.

Examples are as follows:

Table 13. Entity Name Tokens Cluster

dnEntityName	Name with initials and common name tokens stripped	dnClusterNameTokens
ANGLO CARIBBEAN CO LTD	ANGLO CARIBBEAN	ANGLO CARIBBEAN
GUAMATUR S A	GUAMATUR	GUAMATUR

Entity Name Meta (dnClusterLongName)

This cluster uses the standardized entity name to generate cluster keys. The default logic is as follows:

- 1. Remove initials.
- 2. Remove common name tokens, such as Limited, or Corporation.
- 3. Normalize whitespace.
- 4. Remove common business words, such as Company, or Association.
- 5. Transliterate any non-Latin characters into Latin.
- 6. Apply the Metaphone transformation (the standard double-Metaphone algorithm) outputting a key with a length of up to eight characters.

Examples are as follows:

Table 14. Name Metaphone Cluster

dnEntityName	Name with initials, common name tokens and common business words stripped	dnClusterLongName
HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LTD	HAVANA BANK	HFNPNK
CIMEX S A	CIMEX	SMKS
LA EMPRESA CUBANA DE FLETES	EMPRESA CUBANA FLETES	AMPRSKPN

Entity Name Trim (dnClusterShortName)

This cluster uses the standardized entity name to generate cluster keys. The default logic is as follows:

- 1. Remove all whitespace.
- 2. Left-trim the value to a maximum of 4 characters.

Examples are as follows:

Table 15. Name Trimmed Cluster

dnEntityName	dnClusterShortName
HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LTD	HAVA
CIMEX S A	CIME
LA EMPRESA CUBANA DE FLETES	LAEM

Entity Start End Name Tokens (dnClusterStartEndNameTokens)

This clustering method is designed as a looser version of the Entity Name Tokens cluster and allows for variation in entity names by creating clusters for the first five and last five characters of each name token.

The default logic is as follows:

- 1. Remove initials.
- 2. Remove common name tokens, such as Limited, or Corporation.
- 3. Normalize whitespace.
- 4. For each token that is longer than five characters, replace with two new tokens that are:
 - The first five characters of the token
 - The last five characters of the token

Examples are as follows:

Table 16. Start/End Name Tokens Cluster

dnEntityName	Name with initials and common name tokens stripped	dnClusterStartEndNameTokens
HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LTD	HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK	HAVAN AVANA INTER IONAL B ANK
CIMEX S A	CIMEX	CIMEX
LA EMPRESA CUBANA DE FLETES	LA EMPRESA CUBANA FLETES	LA EMPRE PRESA CUBAN UBA NA FLETE LETES

Matching

Individual and entity matching is centered on individual and entity names respectively. Other items of data, such as associated countries and cities, are used to strengthen a possible match. Match rule groups are places in the following order:

- Individual name match groups
- Aircraft name match groups
- Vessels name match groups
- Entity name match groups

The following general notes describe the approach to matching:

- Matches are ranked according to how well the name matches. An exact name match rates as a match at the highest level, with the lowest level being represented by two loosely possible name matches with a different name structure. Further ranking is imposed by how well additional information (such as city or country information, and date of birth information) matches between the records.
- Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering allows for various levels of name match, including, but not limited to:
 - Name variation recognition. This is carried out by name standardization. For example, all variations of Mohammed (Muhamad, Mohammed and so on) are substituted with 'Mohammed' when matching. This is particularly used for given names, though also applied when matching whole names. For example, more than 20 variations of the name 'Mohammed' are recognized and considered to be the same name.
 - Allowances for name abbreviation and initials. For example, 'Pete' is a possible match to 'Peter', and 'J' is a possible match to 'John'.
 - Allowances for typographical errors and transliteration differences. For example, 'Abdool' is a possible match to 'Abdul', even if the variants are not standardized.
 - Allowances for names being out of order or structured differently. For example, 'Mohammed Abbas Al-Tikriti' can be matched with 'Mohammed Al-Tikriti Abbas'.
 - Allowance for additional names. For example, 'Juan Carlos Ferreira' can be matched with 'Juan Ferreira'.
 - Allowance for names being split differently. For example, 'Xiao Jian' is a match to 'Xiaojian'.
- Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering attempts to prevent false positives by various means, including, but not limited to, the following methods:
 - Backing up typo tolerance with Metaphone matching. For example, 'Mary' and 'Mark' are not considered a match, although they are only one character different.
 - Backing up typo tolerance with consideration of the percentage of characters that are different. For example, the initials 'A' and 'E' are not considered a match, even though they are only one character different.
 - Considering the different significance and commonality of name tokens. For example, if name qualifiers such as 'Al' are shared between two Arabic names, this is not as significant as if an uncommon name such as 'Abbas' is shared.

Note: It may be advisable to tune the set of match rules that are activated. In particular, you may wish to activate or deactivate some of the lower match rules in the list, which lead to the weakest name matches. Factors affecting the usefulness of these rules include:

- The policies of the organization.
- The quality of the transaction data.
- The provenance of the transaction data.

For example, Asian and Arabic names may be subject to more typographical and name ordering issues than other names. Where the data contains many of these names, the lower strength rules may identify more possible matches. The organization may want to review some or all of these as a matter of policy, or it may consider the matches too weak to review.

The required rules are easily activated or deactivated as needed in Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering.

Match Rules

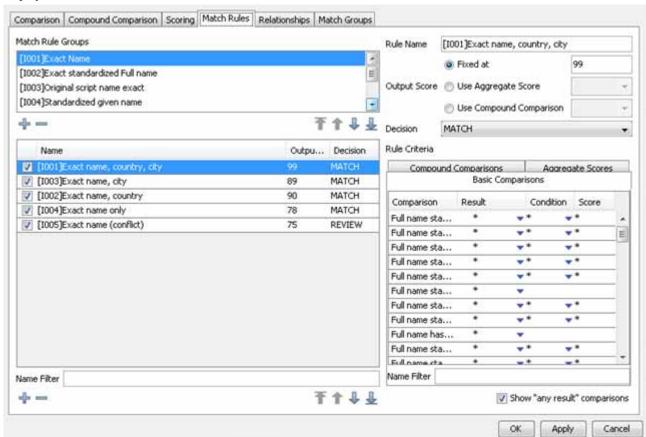
There are several different types of match rule involved in the name and address screening:

• The name matching rules: These are organized by the level of name match, with the strongest name matching rules placed at the top of the decision table.

Note: This means that the match rules are not ordered by strength across all identifiers. For example, a weaker name match that is strengthened by matches on city and country is likely to be a stronger overall match than a strong name with strongly contradictory data in the other fields.

The last rule in each set is a 'conflict' rule, and in many cases will be disabled by default. These rules allow records which fulfill the specified level of name match but have conflicting supporting data fields indicating that a true match is unlikely.

• The loose name matching rules: These are also based around name matching, but identify looser matches and are not enabled by default. These rules are likely to result in a large number of false positive matches and are most likely to be of use when screening against sanctions lists, where it is important that no true matches are missed.



For the sake of clarity, match rules are divided into groups. As each group is selected, the match rules it contains are displayed in the window below:

Figure 5. Match Rules Displayed

The priority of the groups can be changed using the arrows below the **Match Rules Group** list. When a group is highlighted:

- Click to move it up one place in the list.
- Click to move it down one place in the list.
- Click to move it to the top of the list.
- Click to move it to the bottom of the list.

The remainder of this section describes the matching rules that are present in Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering in greater detail.

Individual Name Matching Rules

The following are the individual name matching rules:

Table 17. Individual Name Matching Rules

Group Code	Matching Rule	Logic Summary	Example Matching Da	ata
1001	Exact name	Full name match after name standardization using full name map	BILL MIKE SMITH WILLIAM MICHAEL SMITH	
1002	Exact standardized Full	Given names and family name match exactly.	Given Names	Family Name
	name	,	JOSEPH JOSEPH	TSANGA T'SANGA
1003	Original script name exact	The original script Name fields match exactly.	Original Script Name	Original Script Name
			АЛЕКСАНДР ОСОКИН	АЛЕКСАНДР ОСОКИН
1004	Standardized given name	Given names match after name standardization using Given name	Given Names	Family Name
	given name	map. Family name matches exactly.	BILL	JONES
			WILLIAM	JONES
1005	Full name	The full name matches exactly, after standardization of all name tokens using the Given Name Map.	Full Names	
			JOHN MIKE SMITH	
			JOHN MICHAEL SMITH	
1006	Full name without titles	The full name matches exactly, after standardization of all name tokens	Full Names	
		using the Given Name Map and removal of titles.	DR DOUGLAS BAKER	
			DOUGLAS BAKER	
1007	Abbreviated standardized	Given names match using a Starts With comparison, after name standardization using the Given Name Map. Family name matches exactly.	Given Names	Family Name
	given name		JOSEPH ABANDA	TSANGA
			JOSEPH	T'SANGA
1008	Given name similar and	Given name matches with an Edit Distance of 1 or 2 after name	Given Names	Family Name
	sounds like	standardization. At least one of the	JOSEPH	ABANDA
	given names, excluding initials, must match by a 4-character Metaphone key. Family name matches exactly	JOESPH	ABANDA	
1009	First name similar and sounds like	The first given name matches with an Edit Distance of 1 or 2 and with a	Given Names	Family Name
		Character Match Percentage of 66% or more, after given name	AMER MOHAMMAD RASHEED	AL UBAIDI
	standardization. At least one of the given names, excluding initials, must match by a 4-character Metaphone key. Family name matches exactly.	AMIR RASHID MOHAMMED	AL UBAIDI	

Table 17. Individual Name Matching Rules

I010 Additional given names	All name tokens from the given names field with fewest tokens must be present in the other given names	Given Names	Family Name	
		MOHAMMED	HANIF	
	field. Family name matches exactly	DIN MOHAMED	HANIF	
I011 Additional names		All name tokens from the full name with fewest tokens must be present in the other full name. At least 2	Full Name	
		name tokens must match with the	LOTFI RIHANI	
		same matching logic; that is, if a name only has one token it is not considered a match. At least 2 name tokens must exist in the Full Name. Note: Word Match Count may return >1 if a single name matches twice in a longer name string. For example, 'ABDUL' matches 'ABDUL ABDUL' with a Word Match Count of 2. Matching is order sensitive.	LOTFI BEN ABDUL	HAMID BEN ALI RIHANI
1012	Original script name in any order	All names in the original script name fields match, regardless of order.	Original Script Name	Original Script Name
	order .		ΚΑΡΛΟΣ ΜΟΛΙΝΑ	ΜΟΛΙΝΑ ΚΑΡΛΟΣ
1013	Original script name with typos	Original script name fields match with an 80%+ Character Match Percentage score.	Original Script Name	Original Script Name
		1 Groomage coore.	Καρλος Μολινα	Καρλος Μολιννα
1014	All names in any order	All names in the full name match (using a Word Edit Distance of 0)	Full Name	
		after name token standardization, in any order. A single typo (1 character edit) is allowed in each name token.	ABDUL JABBER OMARI	
			OMARI ABDUL JAB	BER
1015	Abbreviated given name	Given names match using a Starts With comparison. Family name is a	Given Names	Family Name
	g	close metaphone match.	CHRIS	HUNT
			CHRISTOPHER	HUNTER
1016	Abbreviated given name and family name	Given names match using a Starts With comparison, after name standardization using Given Name	Given Names	Family Name
typos	typos	Map. Family name matches with an edit difference of 1-2. At least one of	IBRAHIM ABDUL SALAM	MOHAMED BOYASSEER
		the family name tokens, excluding initials must match by a 4-character Metaphone key.	IBRAHIM	BOYASEER
1017	Abbreviated given name	ven name Starts With match, after name token standardization and stripping titles.	Given Names	Family Name
	without titles and		SAHIR	BARHAN
	family name with typos Family name matches with an edit difference of 1-2. At least one of the family name tokens, excluding initials, must match by a 4-character Metaphone key.	DR SAHIR MUSA	BERHIN	

Table 17. Individual Name Matching Rules

1018	Original script name in any order with typos	All names in the original script name fields match, regardless of order, with each name requiring an 80%+ Character Match Percentage score.	Original Script Name XACAH ЧЕНГИЋ	Original Script Name
1019	I019 First name and full name similar	The full name matches with a Character Match Percentage of 80% or above, after name token standardization. At least one of the	Given Names	Family Name
	and sounds like		MOHAMMAD HUSAYN	MASTASAEED
		family name tokens, excluding initials, must match by a 4-character Metaphone key.	MOHAMMAD HASSAN	MASTASAEED
1020	Given name similar and family	The given name matches with an Edit Distance of 1 or 2, after name	Given Names	Family Name
	names and sounds like	standardization. The given name matches by 4-character Metaphone	AMER MOHAMMAD RASHEED	AL UBAIDI
Sourius line	key, after name standardization. The family name matches with an Edit Distance of 1-2. The family name matches by 4-character Metaphone key.	AMIR RASHID MOHAMMED	AL UBEIDI	
1021	Abbreviated given name and	The first given name matches with a Starts With match, after name token	Given names	Family name
	family name similar	standardization. The family name matches with an Edit Distance of 1 or 2. The family name matches by 4-character Metaphone key.	VIKTOR ANATOLYEVICH	BOUT
			VICTOR	BOOT
1022	Full Name no whitespace	Combination of Given name an Family name without spaces	CHRIS CHRISTOPHER	HUNT HUNTER
1023	Original script name additional names	All names in one original script name field must be fully contained within the other field, provided there are at least two names in each field.	Original Script Name	Original Script Name
	Tidinos		МИЛЕНКО ВРАЧАР	МИЛЕНКО ИВАНОВИЧ ВРАЧАР
1024	Additional names typo tolerant	All name tokens from the full name with fewest tokens must be present	Full Name	
	typo tolorant	in the other full name. A character	ABDUL WAHED SHAF	FIQ
		error tolerance of 20% is allowed (that is, one character edit every 5 characters). At least 2 name tokens must match with the same matching logic. If a name contains only one token it is not considered a match according to this rule. Note: Word Match Count may return >1 if a single name matches twice in a longer name string. For example, 'ABDUL' matches 'ABDUL ABDUL' with a Word Match Count of 2. Matching is order sensitive.	ABDUL WAHAD	

Table 17. Individual Name Matching Rules

1025	Full name contained and	The full name matches with a Contains match, after	Full Name		
	multiple names	standardization of all name tokens	ABU BAKAR		
	in common	using the Given Name Map. At least 2 name tokens must match in the full name.	ABU BAKAR BA'ASYI	ABU BAKAR BA'ASYI	
1026	Full name characters longer	The full name matches with a Longest Common Substring Sum	Full Name		
		Percentage of 90%+, relating to the	MOHAMMED AL GHA	BRA	
		longer string, and considering substrings of 5 characters or more in	ALGHABRA MUHAMA	.D	
		length, after name standardization.	RAMATULLAH WAHID MOHAMMAD	YAR FAQIR	
			WAHIDYAR RAMA TU	LLAH	
1027	Original script name additional	All names in one original script name field must be fully contained within the other field, provided there are at	Original Script Name	Original Script Name	
		least two names (all of which have an 80%+ Character Match Percentage) in each field.	ЮРИ НЕЁЛОВ	ЮРИЙ ВАСИЛЬЕВИЧ НЕЁЛОВ	
1028	Abbreviated first name	The first given name matches with a Starts With match, after name token	Given Names	Family Name	
		standardization. Family name matches exactly.	KHADAF ABUBAKAR	JANJALANI	
			KHADAFFI	JANJALANI	
1029	Additional names in any order	All name tokens from the full name with fewest tokens must be present	Full Name		
	,	in the other full name. At least 2	HA THI NGUYEN		
		name tokens must match with the same matching logic. If a name contains only one token it is not considered a match according to this rule. Note: Word Match Count may return >1 if a single name matches twice in a longer name string. For example, 'ABDUL' matches 'ABDUL ABDUL' with a Word Match Count of 2. Matching is order insensitive.	THI HA		

Table 17. Individual Name Matching Rules

1030	Additional names in any order typo	ler typo with fewest tokens must be present _	Full Name
	tolerant	in the other full name. A character error tolerance of 20% is allowed (that is, one character edit every 5 characters). At least 2 name tokens must match with the same matching logic. If a name contains only one token it is not considered a match according to this rule. Note: Word Match Count may return >1 if a single name matches twice in a longer name string. For example, 'ABDUL' matches 'ABDUL ABDUL'	STEPHENS MARTIN MARRTIN JOHN STEPHENS
		with a Word Match Count of 2. Matching is order insensitive.	

Loose Individual Name Matching Rules

The following are the loose individual name matching rules:

Table 18. Loose Individual Name Matching Rules

Group Code	Matching Rule	Summary of Rule Logic	Example Matching Data
I031	characters shorter only Substring Sum Percentage of 90%, relating to the shorter string, and considering substrings of 5 characte	Substring Sum Percentage of 90%, relating to the	Full Name ABU BAKAR
		or more in length, after name standardization. At least 2	ABU BAKAR BA'ASYI
1032	Full name no initials match with initials in any order	All initials in one Full Name field must be fully contained within the initials of the other Full Name field; AND the standardized Full Name field without initial must be	Full Name
			CARL J FISHER
1 - 1	fully contained within the other standardized Full Name field without initials; AND both fields must contain at least two names.	J C FISHER	
1033	Full name contained, last The Full Name field from the watch list record contains only one name, which is fully contained within the record	Full Name	
	initial same,	being screened; AND	JANINE CHERRY
	primary list is single token	the initial of the last name in the record being screened must match the initial of the name in the watch list record.	CHERRY

Aircraft Matching Rules

The following are the details of the Aircraft matching rules:

Group Code	Matching Rule	Summary of Rule Logic	Example Matching Data
A001	Aircraft part-standardized name exact	The part-standardized entity name matches the name of a listed aircraft exactly	EP-GOM EP-GOM

A002	Aircraft name exact	The entity name matches the name of a listed aircrafts after number cardinal and ordinal standardization	4TH YK-AYF FOURTH YK-AYF
A003	Aircraft part-standardized name with typos	The part-standardized entity name matches the name of a listed aircraft with a Character Match Percentage of 80-99%.	N840PN 1 N840PN
A004	Aircraft name with typos	The entity names match with a Character Match Percentage of 80-99% after number cardinal and Ordinal standardization	TEX01 EX-301

Vessel Matching Rules

The following are the details of the Vessel matching rules:

Group Code	Matching Rule	Summary of Rule Logic	Example Matching Data
V001	Vessel part-standardized name exact	The part-standardized entity name matches the name of a listed vessel exactly.	DYNASTY DYNASTY
V002	Vessel name exact	The entity name matches the name of a listed vessel after number cardinal and ordinal standardization	4th OCEAN FOURTH OCEAN
V003	Vessel part-standardized name with typos	The part-standardized entity name matches the name of a listed vessel with a Character Match Percentage of 80-99%	RAHIM RAHIM 3
V004	Vessel name with typos	The entity name matches the name of a listed vessel after number cardinal and ordinal standardization	RAHUM 3 TRAHIM THREE

Entity Matching Rules

The match rules in Oracle Financial Services Trade-Based Anti Money Laundering are organized by the level of entity name match, with the strongest name matching rules at the top of the decision table.

There are two types of matching rules involved in entity screening:

- Entity name matching rules: Entity name matching rules are organized by the level of entity name match, with the strongest matching rules placed at the top of the decision table. This means that the match rules are not ordered by strength across all identifiers. For example, a weaker match rule that is strengthened by matches on City and Country is likely to be a stronger overall match than a strong match rule with strongly contradictory data in the other fields.
- Loose entity matching rules: These are also based around entity name matching, but identify looser matches and are not enabled by default. These rules are likely to result in a large number of false positive matches and are most likely to be of use when screening against sanctioned lists where it is important that no true matches are missed.

For the sake of clarity, match rules are divided into groups, as shown in the below tables.

Note: All entity matching rules use a standardized form of the entity name. The strongest rules use the 'part-standardized name', meaning the entity names match after only simple global standardizations (such as considering AND and & as the same) are applied. Other rules apply additional rules for standardization as noted in the table below.

Note: Usage of 'word' in the table below implies a space-delimited token in the prepared names. The following table shows the Entity Name Matching Rules:

Group Code	Name Matching Rule	Summary of Rule Logic	Example Matching Data
E001	Part-standardized name exact	The part-standardized entity name matches a listed entity name exactly.	HUMAN APPEAL INTERNATIONAL HUMAN APPEAL INTERNATIONAL
E002	Name exact	The entity names match exactly after number cardinal and ordinal standardization.	ABN Bank ABN
E003	Original script name exact	The original script names match exactly.	ОАО ПЄАИН
E004	Name without suffixes exact	The entity names match exactly after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed.	CAPITAL DIRECT LTD CAPITAL
E005	Name without business words similar and sounds like	The entity names match with a Word Match Percentage of 80% after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key.	PARAGON INVESTMENT CORPORATION PIC
E006	Name without business words exact	The entity names match exactly after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed.	LIFE HEALTHCARE GROUP HOLDINGS LTD LHCG
E007	Name without business words has all words out-of-order	All remaining words in each entity name match exactly, but in any order, after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed.	HEALTH EDUCATION SERVICES HEALTH SERVICES
E008	Name without suffixes starts with and multiple names in common	The entity names are a Starts With match after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) in common between the two names. The listed name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	BAE SYSTEMS (LANCASTER HOUSE) LIMITED BAE SYSTEMS LIMITED
E009	Name without business words has all words with typos	All remaining words in each entity name match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more, after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed	GERBERA ASSOCIATES LTD GERBARA ASSOCIATES LTD

E010	Original script name in any order	All words in the Original Script Names match exactly, in any order	ОАО ПЄАИН
E011	Original script name with typos	The Original Script Names match with a Character Match Percentage of 80% or more.	ОАО ПЄАИН
E012	Name without business words with typos, and sounds like	The entity names match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 ore more after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key and the first three letters of each name are the same.	GOLDSTREAM PROPERTIES LTD GOLDSTREAM PROPERTIES LTD
E013	Name without suffixes contains, similar and multiple names in common	The entity names are a Contains match and the Word Edit Distance is no more than one between the names (where each word matches with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more), after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) in common between the two names.	HAMPSHIRE HERITAGE DEVELOPMENTS LTD HAMPSHIRE HERITAGE DEVELOPMENTS LTD
E014	Name has additional words, sounds like and multiple names in common	All words in the shorter entity name exist in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) in common between the two names. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	MOSCOW CITY CENTER PLC MOSCOW CITY CENTER PLC
E015	Name without business words contains, sounds like and multiple names in common	The entity name is a Contains match with a listed entity name, after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) in common between the two names. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key.	HI-TECH RECRUITMENT LTD HI-TEC RECRUITMENT LTD
E016	Original script name in any order with typos	All words in the original script name match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more, in any order.	ОАО ПЄАИН

E017	Name without business words has most words out-of-order	The entity names match (in any order) with a Word Match Percentage of between 75 and 99, after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	BACK TO HEALTH CLINICS LIMITED BACK TO HEALTH CLINICS LIMITED
E018	Name without business words, similar, sounds like, with multiple names and a residual token in common. Note: The group name differs from the rule name.	All words in the shorter entity name exist in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) in common between the two names, and at least one of these is not a word in the English dictionary or a very common word in Watchlist name data. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	CHARLES F ASH CONSTRUCTION CO INC CHARLES F ASH CONSTRUCTION CO INC
E019	Name without business words, similar with typos, sounds like, with multiple names and residual token in common Note: The group name differs from the rule name. See the Match dialog for details.	All words in the shorter entity name match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) that match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more, and at least one of these is not a word in the English dictionary or a very common word in Watchlist name data. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	CLARKS HOME BAKERY LTD CLARKS HOME BAKERY LTD
E020	Name has additional words tolerant, sounds like and multiple names in common	All words in the shorter entity name match in the longer entity name (in order) with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more after number cardinal and ordinal standardization. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) in common between the two names. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	ABU AL FULUS ABU AL FULUS
E021	Name without suffixes contains, similar and residual token in common	The entity names are a Contains match and the Word Edit Distance is no more than one between the names (where each word matches with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more), after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. There is at least one significant word in common (not a common business word, a word in the English dictionary or a very common word in Watchlist name data).	ACCLAIM ACM LTD ACCLAIM ACM LTD

E022	Name without suffixes starts with and residual token in common	The entity names are a Starts With match after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. There is at least one significant word in common (not a common business word, a word in the English dictionary or a very common word in Watchlist name data). The listed name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	ENRON METALS BROKERS LTD ENRON METALS BROKERS LTD
E023	Name without suffixes starts with and substring in common	The entity names are a Starts With match, and there is a common substring at least 8 characters in length, after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. The listed name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	ACCURATE SECTION BENDERS LTD ACCURATE SECTION BENDERS LTD
E024	Name without suffixes contains, residual token in common and significant overlap	The entity names are a Contains match and the Word Match Percentage is 50 or more, after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. There is at least one significant word in common (not a common business word, a word in the English dictionary or a very common word in Watchlist name data).	NON EMERGENCY TRANSPORT INC NON EMERGENCY TRANSPORT INC
E025	Name without common tokens exact, and multiple residual tokens in common	The entity names match exactly, with at least two words matching, after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes, and other words, and all English dictionary and common Watchlist name words are removed.	LIFE CARE CENTER PUNTA GORDA LIFE CARE CENTER PUNTA GORDA
E026	Original script name has additional names	All words in the shorter original script name match in the longer original script name (in order), and there are at least two matching words.	ОАО ПЄАИН
E027	Name without suffixes contains, multiple names in common and significant overlap	The entity names are a Contains match and the Word Match Percentage is 50 or more, after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. There is at least two significant words (not common business words) that match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more.	CAPITAL CITY TRANS SERV INC CAPITAL CITY TRANS SERV INC
E028	Name without business words similar and full name sounds like	The entity names match with a Character Match Percentage of between 80 and 99 after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The names share the same metaphone key after number cardinal and ordinal standardization.	IBERIA AIRLINES IBERIAN AIRLINES

E029	Name without business words similar with typos, sounds like and significant overlap	All words in the shorter entity name match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The names match with a Word Match Percentage of 50 or more when common business words are not stripped. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) that match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	MED AMERICA CLINICS INC MED AMERICA CLINICS INC
E030	Name has additional words, sounds like and residual token in common	All words in the shorter entity name exist in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization. There is at least one significant word (not a common business word, an English dictionary word or a word or a common Watchlist name word) in common between the two names. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	DJ CASE AND ASSOCIATES INC DJ CASE AND ASSOCIATES INC
E031	Name has additional words with typos, sounds like and residual token in common	All words in the shorter entity name match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization. There is at least one significant word (not a common business word, an English dictionary word or a word or a common Watchlist name word) that matches with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	GARLICK HELICOPTERS INC GARLICK HELICOPTERS INC
E032	Name has additional words, sounds like and substring in common	All words in the shorter entity name exist in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization. There is a common substring of at least 8 characters in length between the two names after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	NATIONWIDE SECRETARIAL SERVICES LTD NATIONWIDE SECRETARIAL SERVICES LTD
E033	Name without business words, similar, sounds like and multiple names in common	All words in the shorter entity name match in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) that match. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	CENTRAL OKLAHOMA FAMILY MEDICAL CENTER CENTRAL OKLAHOMA FAMILY MEDICAL CENTER

E034	Name without business words, similar with typos, sounds like and multiple names in common	All words in the shorter entity name match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) that match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	BLACK WORLD COLLEGE OF HAIR DESIGN BLACK WORLD COLLEGE OF HAIR DESIGN
E035	Name without business words has typos and sounds like	The entity names match with a Character Match Percentage of between 80 and 99 after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key.	BOURNE CHIROPRACTIC LTD BOURNE CHIROPRACTIC LTD
E036	Name without suffixes contains with typos and multiple names in common	The entity names are a 'Contains' match where each word matches with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) that match.	MEDICAB OF METRO NEW ORLEANS MEDICAB OF METRO NEW ORLEANS
E037	Name without suffixes contains, similar, and multiple words in common	The entity names are a Contains match and the Word Edit Distance is no more than one between the names (where each word matches with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more), after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. There are at least two significant words (not common business words) that match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more.	GROSVENOR NURSING SERVICES GROSVENOR NURSING SERVICES
E038	Original script name has additional names with typos	All names in one original script name field must be fully contained within the other field, provided there are at least two names (all of which have an 80%+ Character Match Percentage) in each field.	ОАО ПЄАИН
E039	Name has additional words and sounds like	All words in the shorter entity name exist in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization.	ATRIUM INCORPORATORS WORLDWIDE LTD ATRIUM INCORPORATORS WORLDWIDE LTD
E040	Name has additional words with typos and sounds like	All words in the shorter entity name match in the longer entity name (in order) with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more after number cardinal and ordinal standardization. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key.	BRILLIANT GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTOR LTD BRILLIANT GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTOR LTD

E041	Name without business words loose match and full name sounds like	The entity names match with a Character Match Percentage of between 60 and 79 after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The names have the same Metaphone key.	BRC BRC
E042	Name without business words contains, sounds like, and residual token in common	The entity names are a Contains match after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. There is at least one significant word (not a common business word, and English dictionary word or a very common word in Watchlist name data) in common between the two names. The first word of each name has the same 4- character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	GARLICK HELICOPTERS INC GARLICK HELICOPTERS INC
E043	Name without business words contains, sounds like, and substring in common	The entity names match with a Character Match Percentage of between 60 and 79 after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The names have the same Metaphone key.	NATIONWIDE SECRETARIAL SERVICES LTD NATIONWIDE SECRETARIAL SERVICES LTD
E044	Name without suffixes starts with	The entity names are a Starts With match after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	MARK MARK
E045	Name without business words has additional words and sounds like	All words in the shorter entity name exist in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The first word of each name has the same 4- character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	CROSS CROSS
E046	Name without business words has additional words with typos and sounds like	All words in the shorter entity name match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	GROSVENOR NURSING SERVICES GROSVENOR NURSING SERVICES
E047	Name without business words contains and sounds like	The entity names are a Contains match after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	ENRON METALS BROKERS LTD ENRON METALS BROKERS LTD

E048	Name without suffixes starts with and allows acronyms	The entity names are a Starts With match after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed.	ANR ANR
E049	Name without suffixes contains, significant overlap and multiple words in common	The entity names are a Contains match, there are at least two words that match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more, and the two entity names match with a Word Match Percentage of 50 or more after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed.	ALTAR ALTAR
E050	Name contains with typos and multiple words in common	The entity names are a 'Contains' match where each word matches with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. There are at least two words (not prefixes or suffixes) that match.	CHERRY CHERRY

The following table shows the Loose Entity Matching Rules:

Group Code	Name Matching Rule	Summary of Rule Logic	Example Matching Data
E0001	Name exact	The entity names match exactly after number cardinal and ordinal standardization	NOVEMBER SEVENTEEN NOVEMBER 17
E0002	Original script name in any order	All words in the Original Script Names match exactly, in any order.	ОАО НИАЭП
			ОАО НИАЭП
E0003	Original script name with typos	The Original Script Names match with a Character Match Percentage of 80% or more.	ΕΠΑΝΑΣΤΑΤΙΚΉ ΑΡΙΣΤΕΡΆ
			ΕΠΑΝΑΣΤΑΤΙΚΉ ΑΡΙΣΤΕΡΆ
E0004	Original script name in any order	All words in the original script name match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or	ΕΠΑΝΑΣΤΑΤΙΚΉ ΑΡΙΣΤΕΡΆ
	with typos	more, in any order.	ΕΠΑΝΑΣΤΑΤΙΚΉ ΑΡΙΣΤΕΡΆ
E0005	Original script name has additional names	All words in the shorter original script name match in the longer original script name (in	ВЪОРЪЖЕНА ИСЛЯМСКА ГРУПА
	additional names	order), and there are at least two matching words.	ВЪОРЪЖЕНА ИСЛЯМСКА ГРУПА
E0006	Original script	All words in the shorter original script name match in the longer original script name (in	ВЪОРЪЖЕНА ИСЛЯМСКА ГРУПА
	additional names with typos	order) with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more, and there are at least two matching words.	ВЪОРЪЖЕНА ИСЛЯМСКА ГРУПА

E0007	Name without business words contains, sounds like, and residual token in common	The entity names are a Contains match after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. There is at least one significant word (not a common business word, and English dictionary word or a very common word in Watchlist name data) in common between the two names. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	HENDERSON EQUITY PARTNERS GP LTD HENDERSON EQUITY PARTNERS GP LTD
E0008	Name without business words contains, sounds like, and substring in common	The entity names are a Contains match and there is a common substring at least 8 characters in length after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	HAMILTON NEWS HAMILTON NEWS
E0009	Name without suffixes starts with	The entity names are a Starts With match after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	JACOB JACOB
E0010	Name without business words has additional words and sounds like	All words in the shorter entity name exist in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	IDEAL SOLUTION ESTATES MANAGEMENT LTD IDEAL SOLUTION ESTATES MANAGEMENT LTD
E0011	Name without business words has additional words with typos and sounds like	All words in the shorter entity name match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more in the longer entity name (in order) after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	AVANT GARD LTD AVANT GARD LTD
E0012	Name without business words contains and sounds like	The entity names are a Contains match after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes, suffixes and other words are removed. The first word of each name has the same 4-character Metaphone key. The list name is not an acronym alias of a longer primary entity name.	MOREX TRADING LTD MOREX TRADING LTD
E0013	Name without suffixes starts with and allows acronyms	The entity names are a Starts With match after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed.	INTERTRADE CLASSIC LTD INTERTRADE CLASSIC LTD

E0014	Name without suffixes contains, significant overlap and multiple words in common	The entity names are a Contains match, there are at least two words that match with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more, and the two entity names match with a Word Match Percentage of 50 or more after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed.	INTERTRADE CLASSIC LTD INTERTRADE CLASSIC LTD
E0015	Name contains with typos and multiple words in common	The entity names are a 'Contains' match where each word matches with a Character Match Percentage of 80 or more after number cardinal and ordinal standardization, and after common company prefixes and suffixes are removed. There are at least two words (not prefixes or suffixes) that match.	MOREX TRADING LTD MOREX TRADING LTD

Matching
Chapter 4—Name and Address Matching

Trade Goods Matching

This chapter discusses the matching webservice used to extract the trade goods name and match the name against the prohibited goods list.

This list provides country-wise data.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Identifiers
- Clusters
- Match Rules

Identifiers

The following identifiers are used for Trade Goods matching:

Identifier Description	Standard prepared attribute name
Goods Name	Goods Name
Country From	Country From
Country To	Country To
Goods Synonyms	Goods Synonyms

Clusters

The following clusters are used for Trade Goods matching:

- Goods Name: This cluster uses the Goods Name to generate cluster keys. Goods Name Cluster allows new records to be matched against existing records in a system.
- Goods Synonyms: This cluster uses Goods Synonyms to generate cluster keys. Goods Synonyms Cluster allows new records to be matched against existing records in a system.

Match Rules

The following match rules are used for Trade Goods match processing:

			Example Matching Data		
Rule Code	Matching Rule	Summary of Rule Logic	Goods Name	Import Country ISO from	Export Country ISO to
G001	Exact goods name, Import Country ISO from, Export Country ISO to	Exact Match against goods name, Country ISO (Import Prohibition from) AND Country ISO (Export Prohibition to) columns of prohibited goods reference data	Crude Oil	СН	DN
G002	Exact goods name, Import Country ISO from	Exact Match against goods name, Country ISO (Import Prohibition from) columns of prohibited goods reference data	Crude Oil	СН	CR
G003	Exact goods name, Export Country ISO to	Exact Match against goods name, Country ISO (Export Prohibition to) columns of prohibited goods reference data	Crude Oil	VE	UG
G004	Exact goods name	Exact Match against goods name column of prohibited goods reference data	Crude Oil	VE	UG
G005	Exact goods synonym name, Import Country ISO from, Export Country ISO to	Exact Match against goods synonym name, Country ISO (Import Prohibition from) AND Country ISO (Export Prohibition to) columns of prohibited goods reference data	Oil	TW	GB
G006	Exact goods synonym name, Import Country ISO from	Exact Match against goods synonym name, Country ISO (Import Prohibition from) columns of prohibited goods reference data	Oil	TW	US
G007	Exact goods synonym name, Export Country ISO to	Exact Match against goods synonym name, Country ISO (Export Prohibition to) columns of prohibited goods reference data	Oil	UK	UM
G008	Exact goods synonym name	Exact Match against goods synonym name column of prohibited goods reference data	Oil	UK	UM
G009	Goods name in any order, Import Country ISO from, Export Country ISO to	Matches city ISO code exactly	Crude Oil Oil Crude	UR	SS
G0010	Goods name in any order, Import Country ISO from	Match against goods name in any order exact Country ISO (Import Prohibition from) columns of prohibited goods reference data	Crude Oil Oil Crude	UR	SS

G011	Goods name in any order, Export Country ISO to	Match against goods name in any order, exact Country ISO (Export Prohibition to) columns of prohibited goods reference data	Crude Oil Oil Crude	VN	СН
G012	Goods name in any order	Match against goods name column in any order of prohibited goods reference data	Crude Oil Oil Crude	VN	CH
G013	Goods name at least one word matching, Import Country ISO from, Export Country ISO to	Word match count is >0 against goods name in reference data, exact Country ISO (Import Prohibition from) AND exact Country ISO (Export Prohibition to)	Crude Oil	ZA	SW
G014	Goods name at least one word matching, Import Country ISO from	Word match count is >0 against goods name in reference data, exact Country ISO (Import Prohibition from)	Crude Oil	ZA	SW
G015	Goods name at least one word matching, Export Country ISO to	Word match count is >0 against goods name in reference data, exact Country ISO (Export Prohibition to)	Crude Oil	TW	GB
G016	Goods name at least one word matching	Word match count is >0 against goods name in reference data	Crude Oil	TH	TJ

Match Rules Chapter 5—Trade Goods Matching

CHAPTER 6 Trade Port Matching

This chapter discusses the matching webservice that is used to extract the trade port name and match it to the country while screening. This is done because two countries may not have the same port name, so this avoids duplication. The port name is also matched against the sanctioned port reference data.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Identifiers
- Clusters
- Match Rules

Identifiers

The following identifiers are used for Trade Port matching:

Identifier Description	Standard prepared attribute name
Port Name	Port Name
Port Code	Port Code
Port Synonyms	Port Synonyms
Port In Any Order	Port In Any Order
Country	Country

Clusters

The following clusters are used for Trade Port matching:

- Port Name: This cluster uses the Port Name to generate cluster keys. Port Name Cluster allows new records to be matched against existing records in a system.
- Port Code: This cluster uses the Port Code to generate cluster keys. Port Code Cluster allows new records to be matched against existing records in a system.
- Port Synonyms: This cluster uses the Port Synonyms to generate cluster keys. Port Synonyms Cluster allows new records to be matched against existing records in a system.
- Port Name In Any Order: This cluster uses the Port Name In Any Order to generate cluster keys. Port Name In Any Order Cluster allows new records to be matched against existing records in a system.
- ISO Country: This cluster uses the ISO Country to generate cluster keys. ISO Country Cluster allows new records to be matched against existing records in a system.

Match Rules

The following match rules are used for Country, city, bad BIC and stop key words advanced match processing:

			Example Matching Data	
Rule Code	Matching Rule	Summary of Rule Logic	Port Name	Country
P001	Exact port name and country (ISO)	Match against port name column of reference data along with country name where port should belong to that country	Port of Houston	СН
P002	Exact port name only	Match against port name column of reference data	Port of Houston	СН
P003	Exact port synonym name and country (ISO)	Match against port synonym column of reference data along with country name where port should belong to that country	Houston Port	VE
P004	Exact port synonym name only	Match against port synonym column of reference data	Houston Port	VE
P005	Exact port code only	Match against port code columns of reference data along with country name where port should belong to that country	3003	TW
P006	Port name in any order and country (ISO)	Match against port name in any order against port name column of reference data along with country name where port should belong to that country	ABERDEEN-HOQUI AM, WASH ADDISON USER FEE AIRPORT, DALLA	TW
P007	Port name in any order	Match against port name in any order against port name column of reference data	ABERDEEN-HOQUI AM, WASH ADDISON USER FEE AIRPORT, DALLA	UK
P008	Port name at least one word matching and country (ISO)	Word match count is >0 along with country name where port should belong to that country	ABERDEEN	UK
P009	Port name at least one word matching	Word match count is >0 along with country name	ABERDEEN	UR
P010	Port country name match	Word match count is >0 along with country name where port should belong to that country	ABERDEEN	UK

